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(Original Signature of Member)

114TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R.

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To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to provide for expedited review of drugs and biological products to provide safer or more effective treatment for males or females, to amend the Public Health Service Act to enhance the consideration of sex differences in basic and clinical research, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. COOPER introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

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# A BILL

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to provide for expedited review of drugs and biological products to provide safer or more effective treatment for males or females, to amend the Public Health Service Act to enhance the consideration of sex differences in basic and clinical research, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Research for All Act  
3 of 2015”.

4 **SEC. 2. SUFFICIENCY OF DESIGN AND SIZE OF CLINICAL**  
5 **TRIALS DURING EXPEDITED REVIEW.**

6 The Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting  
7 through the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, shall re-  
8 view and develop policies, as appropriate, to ensure that  
9 the design and size of clinical trials for products granted  
10 expedited approval pursuant to section 506 of the Federal  
11 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 356) are suffi-  
12 cient to determine the safety and effectiveness of such  
13 products for men and women using subgroup analysis.

14 **SEC. 3. EXPEDITED REVIEW OF DRUGS AND BIOLOGICAL**  
15 **PRODUCTS TO PROVIDE SAFER OR MORE EF-**  
16 **FECTIVE TREATMENT FOR MALES OR FE-**  
17 **MALES.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 506 of the Federal Food,  
19 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 356) is amended by  
20 adding at the end the following:

21 “(g) EXPEDITED REVIEW OF DRUGS AND BIOLOGI-  
22 CAL PRODUCTS TO PROVIDE SAFER OR MORE EFFECTIVE  
23 TREATMENT FOR MALES OR FEMALES.—

24 “(1) ELIGIBLE PRODUCT.—The Secretary shall,  
25 at the request of the sponsor of a new drug, facili-

1       tate the development and expedite the review of such  
2       drug if the drug—

3               “(A) is intended—

4                       “(i) to avoid serious adverse events; or

5                       “(ii) to treat a serious or life-threat-  
6                       ening disease or condition;

7               “(B) whether alone or in combination with  
8               one or more other drugs or biological products,  
9               is intended for safer or more effective treatment  
10              for men or women than a currently available  
11              product approved to treat the general popu-  
12              lation or the other sex; and

13              “(C) is supported by results of clinical  
14              trials that include and separately examine out-  
15              comes for both men and women.

16              “(2) DESIGNATION.—At the request of the  
17              sponsor of an eligible product described in para-  
18              graph (1), the Secretary shall designate the drug as  
19              an expedited product to provide safer or more effec-  
20              tive treatment for males or females.

21              “(3) EARLY AND FREQUENT COMMUNICA-  
22              TION.—The Secretary shall, with respect to each ex-  
23              pedited product designated under this subsection,  
24              provide early and frequent communication and re-  
25              view of incomplete applications to the same extent

1 and in the same manner as is provided under sub-  
2 sections (b) and (d).

3 “(4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in  
4 this subsection shall be construed—

5 “(A) to lessen or otherwise alter the stand-  
6 ard of safety and effectiveness required for the  
7 approval or licensing of drugs or biological  
8 products under section 505 of this Act or sec-  
9 tion 351 of the Public Health Service Act; or

10 “(B) to authorize application of the provi-  
11 sions of subsection (c) (relating to the use of  
12 surrogate endpoints) to expedited products des-  
13 ignated under this subsection.”.

14 (b) TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Subsection (f) of  
15 section 506 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act  
16 (21 U.S.C. 356) (relating to awareness efforts), as des-  
17 ignated by section 902(a) of Public Law 112–144, is  
18 amended—

19 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking “and and”  
20 and inserting “and”; and

21 (2) by moving such subsection (f) so that it fol-  
22 lows subsection (e) of such section 506.

23 **SEC. 4. RESEARCH ON SEX DIFFERENCES.**

24 (a) INCLUSION IN NIH RESEARCH.—

1           (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 492B of the Public  
2           Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289a–2) is amend-  
3           ed—

4                   (A) by redesignating subsections (b)  
5                   through (g) as subsections (e) through (h), re-  
6                   spectively; and

7                   (B) by inserting after subsection (a) the  
8                   following:

9           “(b) INCLUSION OF SEX DIFFERENCES IN BASIC RE-  
10          SEARCH.—

11                   “(1) APPLICABILITY TO BASIC RESEARCH.—

12                           “(A) IN GENERAL.—The Director of NIH  
13                           shall determine when it is appropriate for  
14                           projects of basic research involving cells, tissues  
15                           or animals to include both male and female  
16                           cells, tissues, or animals.

17                           “(B) DEADLINE FOR INITIAL DETERMINA-  
18                           TION; UPDATES.—The Director of NIH—

19                                   “(i) shall make the initial determina-  
20                                   tions required by subparagraph (A) not  
21                                   later than one year after the date of enact-  
22                                   ment of the Research for All Act of 2015;  
23                                   and

1           “(ii) may subsequently update or re-  
2           vise such determinations as the Director  
3           determines appropriate.

4           “(C) CONSULTATION.—In making the ini-  
5           tial determinations required by subparagraph  
6           (A), the Director of NIH—

7           “(i) shall consult with the Office of  
8           Research on Women’s Health, the Institute  
9           of Medicine, the Office of Laboratory Ani-  
10          mal Welfare, and appropriate members of  
11          the scientific and academic communities;  
12          and

13          “(ii) may conduct outreach and edu-  
14          cational initiatives within the scientific and  
15          academic communities on the influence of  
16          sex as a variable in basic research in order  
17          to develop a consensus within such commu-  
18          nities on when it is appropriate for projects  
19          of basic research involving cells, tissues or  
20          animals to include both male and female  
21          cells, tissues, or animals.

22          “(2) INCLUSION.—Beginning on the date that  
23          is 1 year after the date of enactment of the Re-  
24          search for All Act of 2015, in conducting or sup-  
25          porting basic research in accordance with paragraph

1 (1), the Director of NIH shall, subject to paragraph  
2 (3), ensure that—

3 “(A) in the case of research on cells or tis-  
4 sues—

5 “(i) cells or tissues, as applicable, are  
6 derived from both male and female orga-  
7 nisms in each project of such research; and

8 “(ii) the results are disaggregated ac-  
9 cording to whether the cells or tissues are  
10 derived from male or female organisms;  
11 and

12 “(B) in the case of animal research—

13 “(i) both male and female animals are  
14 included as subjects in each project of such  
15 research; and

16 “(ii) the results are disaggregated ac-  
17 cording to whether the subjects are male  
18 or female.

19 “(3) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (2) shall not  
20 apply to a project of basic research if the Director  
21 of NIH determines that the inclusion of cells or tis-  
22 sues derived from both male and female organisms,  
23 or the inclusion of both male and female animals as  
24 subjects, as applicable, is inappropriate in the case  
25 of such project.”.

1           (2) DESIGN OF RESEARCH.—Subsection (d) of  
2           section 492B of the Public Health Service Act (42  
3           U.S.C. 289a–2), as redesignated, is amended—

4                   (A) by striking “(d)” and all that follows  
5           through “In the case” and inserting the fol-  
6           lowing:

7           “(d) DESIGN OF RESEARCH.—

8                   “(1) CLINICAL TRIALS.—In the case”; and

9                   (B) by adding at the end the following:

10           “(2) BASIC RESEARCH.—In the case of basic  
11           research in which cells or tissues derived from both  
12           male and female organisms will be included in ac-  
13           cordance with subsection (b)(2)(A) or both male and  
14           female animals will be included as subjects in ac-  
15           cordance with subsection (b)(2)(B), the Director of  
16           NIH shall ensure that sex differences are examined  
17           and analyzed, as appropriate.”.

18           (3) UPDATING GUIDELINES FOR CLINICAL AND  
19           BASIC RESEARCH.—Section 492B(f)(1) of the Public  
20           Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289a–2), as redesi-  
21           gnated, is amended to read as follows:

22                   “(1) DATE CERTAIN; UPDATE.—The guidelines  
23           required in subsection (e) regarding the require-  
24           ments of this section for clinical and basic research  
25           shall—

1           “(A) be updated and published in the Fed-  
2           eral Register not later than 1 year after the  
3           date of enactment of the Research for All Act  
4           of 2015;

5           “(B) reflect the growing understanding  
6           that sex differences matter;

7           “(C) ensure better enforcement of the re-  
8           quirements of this section by the personnel of  
9           the agencies of the National Institutes of  
10          Health responsible for reviewing grant pro-  
11          posals; and

12          “(D) include guidance on when research  
13          strongly supports or strongly negates the con-  
14          clusion that there is a significant difference in  
15          how the variables being studied affect women or  
16          members of minority groups, as the case may  
17          be, relative to how such variables affect other  
18          subjects in the research.”.

19          (4) APPLICABILITY.—Section 492B(f)(2) of the  
20          Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289a–2), as  
21          redesignated, is amended by adding at the end the  
22          following: “For fiscal year 2017 and subsequent fis-  
23          cal years, the Director of NIH may not approve any  
24          proposal of basic research to be conducted or sup-  
25          ported by any agency of the National Institutes of

1 Health unless the proposal specifies the manner in  
2 which the research will comply with this section.”.

3 (5) CONFORMING CHANGES.—Section 492B of  
4 the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 289a–2)  
5 is amended—

6 (A) in the heading of subsection (a), by  
7 striking “REQUIREMENT OF INCLUSION” and  
8 inserting “INCLUSION IN CLINICAL RE-  
9 SEARCH”;

10 (B) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “sub-  
11 section (b)” and inserting “subsection (c)”;

12 (C) in subsection (e)(1)(A), as redesign-  
13 ated, by striking “subsection (b)” and insert-  
14 ing “subsection (c)”;

15 (D) in subsection (e)(1)(B), as redesign-  
16 ated, by striking “subsection (c)” and insert-  
17 ing “subsection (d)”;

18 (E) in subsection (e)(2), as redesignated,  
19 by striking “subsection (b)” and inserting “sub-  
20 section (c)”.

21 (b) BIENNIAL REPORTS OF DIRECTOR OF NIH.—  
22 Subparagraph (C) of section 403(a)(4) of the Public  
23 Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 283(a)(4)) is amended—

24 (1) by redesignating clause (vi) as clause (vii);  
25 and

1 (2) by inserting after clause (v) the following:

2 “(vi) Basic research, including a  
3 breakdown of the sex of organisms from  
4 which cells and tissues are derived, a  
5 breakdown of the sex of animal subjects,  
6 and such other information as may be nec-  
7 essary to demonstrate compliance with sec-  
8 tion 492B (regarding sex differences in  
9 basic research).”.

10 (c) SPECIAL CENTERS OF RESEARCH ON SEX DIF-  
11 FERENCES.—Part H of title IV of the Public Health Serv-  
12 ice Act is amended by inserting after section 492B of such  
13 Act (42 U.S.C. 289a–2) the following:

14 **“SEC. 492C. SPECIAL CENTERS OF RESEARCH ON SEX DIF-  
15 FERENCES.**

16 “The Secretary may award grants or other support  
17 to entities for the continued operation and expansion of  
18 Special Centers of Research on Sex Differences.”.

19 (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act  
20 or the amendments made by this Act shall be construed  
21 to lessen any standard or requirement set forth in part  
22 1, 2, or 3 of subchapter A of chapter I of title 9, Code  
23 of Federal Regulations.

1 **SEC. 5. GAO REPORTS.**

2 Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment  
3 of the Research for All Act of 2015, the Comptroller Gen-  
4 eral of the United States shall—

5 (1) submit to the Congress updated versions of  
6 the reports of the Government Accountability Office  
7 entitled “Women’s Health: NIH Has Increased Its  
8 Efforts To Include Women in Research” (published  
9 in May 2000; GAO/HEHS–00–96) and “Women’s  
10 Health: Women Sufficiently Represented in New  
11 Drug Testing, But FDA Oversight Needs Improve-  
12 ment” (published in July 2001; GAO–01–754); and

13 (2) in such updated reports—

14 (A) examine the inclusion of women, fe-  
15 male animals, and female-derived cells and tis-  
16 sues in federally funded research over the past  
17 decade;

18 (B) examine how Federal agencies report  
19 and analyze subgroup information and translate  
20 any differences to the medical community and  
21 patients;

22 (C) determine whether the quality of care  
23 which women receive is being negatively im-  
24 pacted by inclusion rates in basic and clinical  
25 research; and

1                   (D) address current efforts within National  
2                   Institutes of Health and other government  
3                   agencies to encourage the sharing of research  
4                   data on sex differences and evaluate mecha-  
5                   nisms to improve such sharing, including a pub-  
6                   licly accessible online system that will conform  
7                   with policies protecting commercial, proprietary,  
8                   or private information.